

## Assessment B

### The Lion and the Mouse

#### **Grades 4+**

**Show the student the picture of the lion and the mouse. Teach the words if necessary.**

**Read Introductory Statement:** Read the story to find out how a mouse can help a lion.

- Ask the student to read the story silently and then out loud.
- Ask the comprehension questions orally.
- Have the student retell the story in his/her own words.

The Lion and the Mouse	COMPREHENSION QUESTIONS						<b>The EAL student can:</b>
				Reading			
A lion was asleep. A mouse ran on the lion. The lion woke up. The lion put his paw on the mouse.  “I will eat you,” said the lion.  “No!” said the mouse. “If you let me go, one day I will help you.”	<input type="checkbox"/> detail <input type="checkbox"/> detail	1. Who woke up the lion? (the mouse) 2. How did the lion catch the mouse? (He put his paw on the mouse)	<input type="checkbox"/> A2.1 - A2.2	<input type="checkbox"/> use strategies to assist in deriving meaning from text	<input type="checkbox"/> understand familiar vocabulary	<input type="checkbox"/> select main ideas	<input type="checkbox"/> use some correct phrasing and rhythm when reading aloud
The lion said, “How can a little mouse help a big lion?” “Ha! Ha!” laughed the lion and he let the mouse go.	<input type="checkbox"/> vocabulary <input type="checkbox"/> detail	3. What is a paw? (an animal’s foot) 4. What did the lion want to do to the mouse? (eat him)	<input type="checkbox"/> B1.1 - B1.2	<input type="checkbox"/> describe short components	<input type="checkbox"/> read and understand grade-appropriate text, with minimal assistance	<input type="checkbox"/> B2+	<input type="checkbox"/> recall and retell a written story <input type="checkbox"/> figure out meaning in text that may be unfamiliar and contain challenging vocabulary and sentence structure
One day the lion was trapped in a net. The lion roared. The mouse heard the lion, and went to help him. The mouse made a big hole in the net with his little teeth. The lion was free.	<input type="checkbox"/> inference <input type="checkbox"/> detail	5. Why did the lion agree to let the mouse go? (The mouse agreed to help the lion one day.) 6. What did the lion get trapped in? (the net)	<input type="checkbox"/> B2+	<input type="checkbox"/> 7. Tell three (3) things that happened after the lion was trapped in the net. (The lion roared. The mouse heard the lion. The mouse made a hole in the net. The lion was free.) 8. What is a trap? (something used to catch an animal, a net)	<input type="checkbox"/> 9. How did the mouse help the lion? (He made a hole in the net with his teeth.) 10. Why did the lion laugh at the mouse? (He did not think that a little mouse could help a big lion.) 11. How could someone your age help an older person? (answers will vary)	<input type="checkbox"/> Comments/Observations:	
“You see,” said the mouse, “A little friend can help a big friend.”	<input type="checkbox"/> sequence						

## Assessment B - continued

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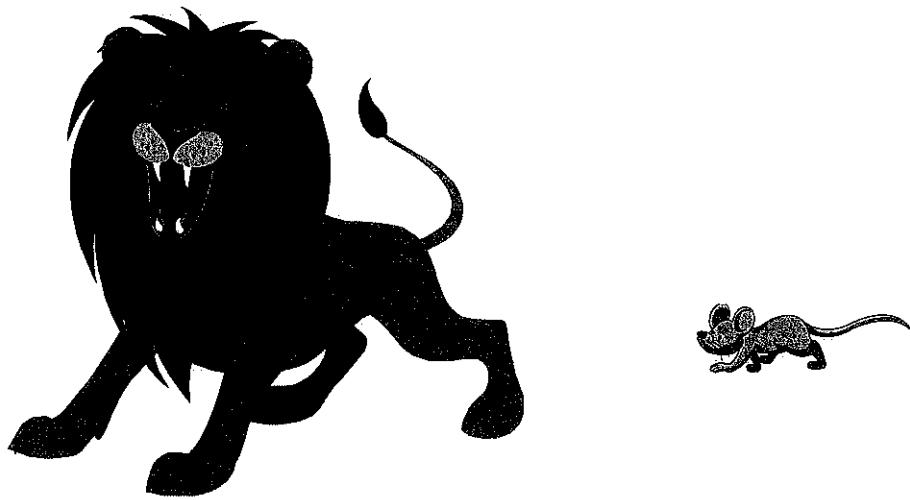
#### **Writing**

- Ask the student to use the graphic organizer and draw three pictures that show what happens at the beginning, in the middle, and at the end of the story;
- Write about each picture on the lines below each box (or below each picture).

*The writing may be in first language or English, single words, short phrases, or sentences.*

<b>Task</b>		<b>Writing</b>		
		<i>The EAL student can:</i>		
1. Draw a picture that show what happens at the beginning, middle, and end of the story.  2. Write about each picture.	<b>A2.1 - A2.2</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> begin to dictate labels, phrases, and sentences to a scribe	<input type="checkbox"/> print the English alphabet in upper- and lower-case letters	<input type="checkbox"/> write some personally relevant words
		<input type="checkbox"/> express ideas through drawing, writing in the first language, and labelling	<input type="checkbox"/> compose short, simple, patterned sentences based on learned phrases, and classroom discussion	<input type="checkbox"/> write some common and personally relevant words
	<b>B1.1 - B1.2</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> use capital letters and final punctuation	<input type="checkbox"/> begin to use basic sentence structures (e.g. statements, questions)	<input type="checkbox"/> use conventional spelling for most common and personally relevant words
	<b>B2.1</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> write short compositions, making some use of appropriate verb tenses, prepositions, simple and compound sentences, and descriptions, and beginning to use new vocabulary	<input type="checkbox"/> write to narrate a story	<input type="checkbox"/> write independently
<b>Comments/Observations:</b>				
If the student is able to complete these tasks without difficulty, proceed Assessment C,				

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An Aesop's Fable – adapted by D. Biagi and A. Tierney

A lion was asleep. A mouse ran on the lion. The lion woke up.  
The lion put his paw on the mouse.

"I will eat you," said the lion.

"No!" said the mouse. "If you let me go, one day I will help you."

The lion said, "how can a little mouse help a big lion?"  
"Ha! Ha! Ha!" laughed the lion, and he let the mouse go.

One day the lion was trapped in a net. The lion roared. The mouse heard the lion, and went to help him. The mouse made a big hole in the net with his little teeth. The lion was free.

"You see," said the mouse, "A little friend can help a big friend."

Writing

## **Assessment B - continued**

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